MAY 3, 1787. THE NUMBER 250.

Virginia Gazette AND WEEKLY ADVERTISER.

RICHMOND: PRINTED BY THOMAS NICOLSON.

Will certainly be SOLD,

At Glouceſter Courthouſe, upwards of ſixty, (probably ninety) Negroes, the property of John Page, Eſq; of Roſewell, and of the eſtate of Lewis Burwell, Eſq; late of this county;

CONSISTING of men, women, boys, girls, and children, one or more ſmiths, carpenters, and ſawyers, one or more hoſtlers, an excellent laundreſs, and many ſpinners, and probably ſeveral very valuable houſe ſervants; alſo one thouſand acres of land in an undivided tract, called the Frying-Pan, in Loudoun county; four hundred in the tract known by the name of the Green-Seas lying between Suffolk and Norfolk, equal to the beſt lands in the ſtate; three hundred acres, a part of the Paradiſe tract, lying on Poropotank ſwamp, which runs through it, very convenient to Weſt-Point and Urbanna; and about 200 acres, well known by the name of Rich-Nick, lying on the road from Glouceſter town to the Court-houſe; forty of which are rich tobacco land, and has never been cleared—Its growth, hickory, oak, cheſnut and poplar. Alſo ſeveral fine blooded colts. The ſale will commence on Monday the 7th of May next, and continue from day to day till all are ſold. Upwards of twenty five of the negroes (perhaps fifty) will be ſold for ready money or tobacco; for the balance, twelve months, credit will be allowed, the purchaſers giving bond with approved ſecurity, bearing intereſt from the date. The intereſt ſhall be remitted where the payments are punctually made. A diſcount of 10 per cent. will be allowed for prompt payment. All liquidated debts againſt Mr. Page, or the eſtate of Mr. Burwell, will be conſidered as ready money. Purchaſers may at any time between this and the day of ſale, treat with the ſubſcribers for a part of what is advertiſed, as alſo for the noted high blooded horſe Sampſon, and one or two very valuable high blooded mares.

MANN PAGE, Jun.
M. ANDERSON.

Glouceſter county, March 15, 1787.

To be Sold,

In Louiſa county, on the premiſes, the lands liſted in the names of the following perſons, or ſo much thereof, as will ſatisfy the certificate tax for 1784, and 1785; alſo the revenue tax for 1785, and the expences attending the ſame, on the following days, viz.

On the 3d day of MAY, 1787.

On the 3d of May, Joſeph Watkins, alias John Waller,	300
Richard Goodall's eſtate,	200
On the 4th of May, Sarah Wheeler,	60
William Winſton,	225
On the 5th of May, Thomas Smith, (S. I.)	41
John Wingfield,	430
On the 7th of May, John Digge,	800
Thomas Littlepage,	700
On the 8th of May, Thomas Digge,	170
Ditto	50
Iſham Pulliam,	50
On the 9th of May, John Saunders,	53
William Dandridge,	893
James Crews,	200
On the 10th of May, James Lobb,	500
William Brown,	100
On the 11th of May, Thomas Tyler,	100
Joſeph Locker,	100
On the 12th of May, John Robinſon,	400
Martha Statham,	300
On the 14th of May, George Hadon,	200
Thomas Mercer,	700
John Overton	100

R. YANCY, D. S.

February 28, 1787.

RICHMOND, March 10, 1787.

THE ſubſcriber begs leave to inform his friends and the public, that he at preſent reſides at Mr. Sharp's, oppoſite the Courthouſe in the city of Richmond, with an intention of practiſing as an ATTORNEY, in the Courts of Henrico, Goochland, and Louiſa, as alſo in the Court of Huſtings in the city.

W. POPE.

LOST,

Or STOLEN,

FROM the ſubſcriber in Amelia county, near JOEL MOTLEY's the 13th of January laſt, a POCKET BOOK containing as follows, viz. A French crown, and a dollar, a Virginia Gazette dated, April 2, 1785, wherein is contained an advertiſement as follows, viz. Loſt or ſtolen from the ſubſcriber near Richmond town, at Shipley Broadas's, a pocket book containing as follows, viz. Two bonds given by Agneſs Spratley, to the ſubſcriber, for ſixty one pounds fifteen ſhillings each, the firſt became payable at Chriſtmas, in the year 1783, the other became payable at Chriſtmas, in the year 1784. Barnett Timberlake, and Geddes Winſton, ſecurities to both bonds; the balance due to the ſubſcriber on them laſt Chriſtmas is eighty four pounds; a bond given by Robert Broadas and Shipley Broadas, for ſixteen pounds, a note of hand given by Geddes Winſton, to the ſaid Agneſs Spartley, for ſeven pounds, a note of hand given by Reuben Moſs to John Craft, for one pound fifteen ſhillings, North Carolina currency. Together with books of accompts, and ſundry papers concerning many things. With the Virginia Gazette was a bond given by Jonathan Parker, and Ann his wife, under the penalty of ſix thouſand pounds North Carolina currency, to make the ſubſcriber a good right and title to a tract of land in Granville county, in the ſtate of North Carolina, containing four hundred acres, joining ſaid Parker, a receipt in full for the ſaid land, together with books of accounts, and ſundry papers concerning many things. I do hereby forewarn all perſons from taking any aſſignments on the bonds, notes of hand, &c.

MICHAEL JONES.

APRIL 2, 1787.

Amelia ſſ.

This day Michael Jones, came before me Edmund Booker, a Juſtice of the Peace of the ſaid county, and made oath that what is ſet forth in the above advertiſement is the truth to the beſt of his knowledge. Certified under my hand this 4th day of April, 1787.

EDMUND BOOKER.

To be Sold

One thouſand five hundred ACRES of

LAND

ON PAMUNKEY RIVER,

EITHER in one body or divided to ſuit the purchaſer or purchaſers: One year's credit for half the money; two years for the remainder with intereſt from the day of ſale, provided the payments be not made punctually to the time agreed on. Tobacco at the market price from the upper warehouſes on this river, and James river will be taken as money, and for part of the purchaſe money, military certificates will alſo be received. Mr. Fox, who lives on the eſtate will ſhew the land, receive propoſals, and tranſmit them to me, who will attend here at any time, or my ſon for me; to conclude the bargain with any purchaſer,

RALPH WORMELEY.

King William county, March 7, 1787

NOW SELLING

AT T. NICOLSON's OFFICE.

The Virginia LAWS,

Paſſed October, 1786.

BLANKS,

MAY BE HAD AT THIS OFFICE.

FIVE DOLLARS REWARD.

LOST.

On the day of the ELECTION, at the Courthouſe, about dark,

A common ſized,

SILVER WATCH,

Makers name forgot,

Had a ſteal chain with a flat ſeal on one ſide of it, a cypher I. W. P. and on the other ſide three plain letters I. W. P. Whoever will deliver it to the Printer hereof ſhall receive the above reward.

Richmond, April 1, 1787.

NOTICE!

To the members of the Proteſtant Epiſcopal Church.

THE ſtanding committee of the Proteſtant Epiſcopal Church, in conſequence of the power veſted in them, do hereby notify, that Wedneſday, the 16th of May next, is appointed as the time for holding a convention in the city of Richmond: It hath been thought adviſable thus to anticipate the ſtated time of meeting, on account of the Whitſuntide feſtival.

The Committee, conſidering the effects of the repeal of the incorporating act, take the liberty to recommend to the Miniſters of pariſhes, or the Churchwardens, where there are no Miniſters, to convene the members of the Proteſtant Epiſcopal Church, in their reſpective pariſhes, ſo ſoon as may be convenient, in order to make an election of Lay Deputies.

The committee are alſo anxious to expreſs their earneſt deſire, that the Convention may be full, as matters of the utmoſt importance to the above Church will come under conſideration.

(Signed)
J. MADISON, Chairman of the Committee.

Williamſburg, March 12, 1787.

To be LET

THE NOTED TAVERN,

At the foot of the Church Hill, *known by the name of the*

BIRD IN THE HAND.

It has every neceſſary outhouſe,

And a GOOD GARDEN.

ALSO A HOUSE,

Adjoining Mr. M'Colls, ſtore,

A little above the Courthouſe.

It is fitted for two tenements, as ſtores, and would ſuit a merchant with or without a family. For terms inquire of

COHEN & ISAACS.

Richmond, March 19, 1787.

For Sale,

A ſmall FARM with a mill upon it, in a convenient part of Hanover county.

ALSO 250 acres of woodland within three miles of it. Bonds with good ſecurities payable at the following periods, will be required, viz. For one third, at the expiration of one year; one third, of two; and the remainder, of three years, after ſale—Certain ſtate ſecurities will be taken at their current value.

HUGH NELSON.

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LONDON, JAN. 11.

AN account is arrived at Paris from Madrid, that the King of Spain's indiſpoſition has been ſo extremely great, that his Majeſty is now totally deprived of all underſtanding, and that his eldeſt ſon the Prince of Auſtrias has aſſumed the government. Upon the arrival of this information at Paris, the Count D'Aranda (who is the Spaniſh Miniſter at the French court) ſent his ſecretary expreſs to Madrid for freſh inſtructions. The Count D'Aranda is the favorite and confidant of the Prince of Auſtrias; and, therefore, it is very probable that he will be appointed Prime Miniſter to the new government. The King of Spain was born on the 20th of January 1716, and is now the oldeſt Monarch in Europe.

Feb. 3. His Majeſty greatly diverts himſelf with the appellation beſtowed on him, of Farmer George. At dinner, at Newnham, the ſeat of Lord Harcourt, he related an accident in the neighbourhood of Windſor. Walking out early one morning, he met a fellow driving a flock of very fine ſheep. His Majeſty, ſtruck with their appearance, aſked him if they were to be ſold. "No" (ſaid the fellow churliſhly.) Where are you going with them? To farmer George's (ſaid the fellow) "Farmer George (ſaid the King) who is farmer George? I thought I knew every farmer in this neighbourhood." "Why, don't you know farmer George, mun? He lives in a thick great houſe (pointing to the caſtle) they call un the King, but we call un nothing but farmer George." The King laughed heartily, and wiſhed the fellow good day.

Extract of a letter from Peterſburg, Dec. 19.

"Accounts are received from Captain Iſmayloff, governour of Kamtſchatka, that two armed ſhips, under Engliſh colours, from the coaſt of America, with a cargo of furs were put into the iſland of Metmi; that on their arrival they were not allowed to land or even traffick for freſh proviſions, but after making the Prince ſome valuable preſents of European articles they had entered into a league of friendſhip with him for the carrying on a traffick with the Japaneſe for the diſpoſal of their cargoes, which chiefly conſiſt of furs, that before the ſloop which brought the intelligence ſailed from Metmi, they had made ſeveral voyages to the coaſt of Japan, and met with great ſucceſs; that they were preparing to leave ſome of their people on the iſland, to whom the Prince had promiſed protection, and had actually betrothed one of his daughters to the ſupercargo, who was to be left in the iſland as commander of the party for the carrying on a correſpondence with the Japaneſe and the Kuwle iſlands."

The *treaty* has cauſed great uneaſineſs, not only in the kingdom of England but in Portugal, which nation is greatly diſguſted at the late treaty with France, that treaty materially claſhing with, and in ſome meaſure nullifying theirs The debates ran high upon this topic, in which Mr. Pitt was not the leaſt active. There is great clamour upon ſo great a non-attendance of members, when matters of the utmoſt conſequence were agitating. A Britiſh writer obſerves: "By this French treaty, which is not founded on mutual wants and redundances, we immediately loſe a commercial treaty with Portugal, which is manifeſtly founded on our ſpoom, and by a happy experience of ages, has been proved mutually beneficial to both countries; and alſo the loſs of our ſugar iſlands in the weſt; this is ſnatching at a ſhadow and loſing the ſubſtance out of our mouths, with a vengeance!——Even Spain, devoted as that country is to the French cabinet, ſtands aſtoniſhed, and looks with a jealous eye at the unparalleled negociation now carrying on between the French Miniſtry and ours! However, it will furniſh them with a pretence for withdrawing their commercial intercourſe with us at leaſt that part of it which is moſt flattering and beneficial to us."

March 7. Monday two Dutch mails, and one from France, were received at the poſt office; by the former we have the following not unimportant intelligence, in a letter dated Paris, Feb. 19. A ſhip lately arrived from the iſle of France had brought information, that the ſon of the Emperor of Cochinchina was there, on his return from Pondicherry, and on the eve of embarking for Europe. This report is ſince confirmed, by that Prince's arrival at port l'Orient. He is accompanied by the Biſhop of the Miſſionaries, and a few Mandarines. The occaſion of his journey is thus related: The Emperor having been driven from his capital by an uſurper, had retrenched himſelf in a narrow iſland, where, defended by a few faithful ſubjects, he had put his enemy at defiance, and rendered all his attacks abortive. His ſon was deſpatched to Pondicherry to implore aſſiſtance; but the French commander having refuſed to interfere without direct inſtructions from his court, the young prince reſolved to go and ſolicit them in perſon. All it is ſaid, he requires, is the loan of three frigates, 1200 men, and 100 artilleriſts; with this trifling help, he thinks he will be able to reinſtate his unfortunate parent. In return for the courteſy, he is empowered in his fathers name to enter into a treaty with France, and grant to its ſubjects, within his own dominions, all they can wiſh for the improvement of their trade. Nevertheleſs the general opinion is, that the Prince will fail in his application, becauſe from the immenſe diſtance, it is more than probable, the uſurper will have ſufficient time to ſtrengthen his party, beyond the power of ſuch a handful of men to overturn it, and the leaſt check would be fatal to the French forces, who might fail in the means of repairing even their firſt loſs.

FEBRUARY 6, 1786.

Extract of a letter from Megadore, Jan. 16.

"A Portugueſe ſquadron, conſiſting of five men of war, has juſt taken a ſtation off the mouth of the Mediterranean, for the purpoſe of protecting the trade of that nation. His majeſty the emperor of Morocco, diſclaims any connexion with the piratical corſairs, declaring his intention of adhering firmly to the treaties he has concluded with the European powers."

Extract of a letter from Trieſte, Jan. 20.

"The Imperial frigate Jacobine, Captain Leraude, of 26 guns, has juſt brought in here an Algerine galley, mounting 18 guns, and carryiny 86 men, which ſhe took off the point del Nicolis, after an engagement of forty minutes, in which the barbarian loſt ſeveral men. This veſſel has been long on the Tuſcan coaſt, and taken a variety of veſſels."

Extract of a letter from Malaga, February 1.

"The Portugueſe man of war, La Languaire, has nearly ſcoured theſe coaſts of the Barbary corſairs, with which they have been ſo very long infeſted; two of thoſe veſſels, under the Salletine flag, have been ſent in here, and will be conveyed to ſome of her moſt faithful Majeſty's ports as early as poſſible. By way of repriſals, their crews will be ſent into ſlavery."

GLOUCESTER, January 8.

A GENTLEMAN from the weſt of England went to London a few weeks ago, to receive a legacy of 500l. which he propoſed to bring with him into the country. His ſervant, appriſed of his maſter's errand, imprudently talked of it at an inn upon the road. A perſon in the room, to appearance a tradeſman, but in reality a highwayman, overheard the converſation, and determined to poſſeſs himſelf of the booty. Purſuing the gentleman to London, he watched all his motions, and on his return into the country was ready to follow him. On the other ſide of Hounſlow, near the turnpike on Smallberry-Green, the robber came up with the chaiſe, and paſſed it full gallop, but was ſtopped at the gate, not having a ſingle penny to pay the toll. Appearing greatly confuſed, he took out his handkerchief, and begged the turnpike man to take it as a pledge. The gentleman in the chaiſe having obſerved the tranſaction, on his coming up inquired the cauſe; and promiſing to return the handkerchief to the owner, paid the penny for him. He preſently overtook the highwayman, and ordered his chaiſe to ſtop, pray, ſir, ſaid he, is this your handkerchief? If ſo, I fear you are in great diſtreſs. I am indeed, ſir, replied the man, in the greateſt that is poſſible. Allow me then, replied the gentleman, to relieve your immediate wants; and, drawing out his purſe, preſented him with five guineas. your generoſity, ſaid the highwayman, diſarms me; Your five guineas have ſaved your 500l; and, turning his horſe, immediately rode off.

FRANCKFORT, December 10.

WE have accounts from Traunick, in Boſnia, that the Pacha of the place has received a Firman from the Grand Signior, which he has ordered to communicate to all the magiſtrates and Muſſelmen, but not to the Chriſtians. The following is ſaid to be the eſſential part of the above letter.

"It is with great diſpleaſure that the Sultan learns, that not only the miſcreant ſubjects, particularly the Greeks, but even the true Muſſelmen, hold improper diſcourſes, and have the temerity to ſay, that the Sublime Porte is fallen from her ancient ſplendour, and no longer able to make head againſt the Chriſtian powers, as they have ſuffered the Crimea to fall under the Ruſſian yoke, and given up the Black Sea to the Chriſtians

"Although it is in the power of his Highneſs to puniſh thoſe, who hold ſuch diſcourſe, with death, he has forbid his Divan from uſing ſuch extreme rigour, and has ordered them to give the following notice to all his ſubjects relative to the Crimea and the Black Sea, &c.

"Many Tartars of Crimea, blinded by the promiſes of the Ruſſians, were tempted to betray their fellow ſubjects, and their country, and to contribute to the Ruſſians being put in poſſeſſion of all that country, but we know now for certain how much thoſe Tartars repent of their precipitation in that reſpect. Beſides the Porte, ſo far from making a formal ceſſion of the Crimea to Ruſſia, have never even approved of their taking poſſeſſion of it. It is true, that they ſhewed an indifference opon this occaſion which created ſome diſcontent among the true Believers: But on the one hand, that event is linked with cauſes which hitherto could not be explained to the people; and on the other hand, the Sublime Porte thought that Ruſſia, convinced of the injuſtice of their cauſe, and in order to ſpare the effuſion of human blood, would give up their new poſſeſſion, particularly as the Tartars have frequently fought the Ruſſian troops with a remarkable advantage. Theſe and other circumſtances, have hitherto kept back the revengeful arm of the Porte, and prevented their breaking with Ruſſia; but if the inflexibility of the latter ſhould oblige them to draw the ſcymeter, the Sublime Porte will effectually oppoſe, not only them, but any other enemy, in whatever quarter of the world, fully depending upon the bravery and courage of all true Muſſelmen.

"With regard to the free navigation of the Black Sea, that ought not to be cenſured, as it was granted for the general good of the empire, and that of the capital in particular.

"It is to you, faithful Guardians of Boſnia, that we by this Firman acquaint you with the will of the Grand Signior, charging you fully to inform all the true Believers under your care, &c."

If the above piece is authentic, it is to be preſumed that a ſimilar one has been ſent to all the Pachas who govern the different provinces bordering upon the European eſtates, but they muſt ſurely be a very ignorant people who can be ſatisfied with the ſlimſey reaſons given for the indifference of the Divan.

BOSTON, April 6.

THE following are handed to us as true copies of two intereepted letters from one of Shays's officers to his friends in Charlemont. They were atteſted to be genuine, by a perſon of credit, at Dorſet, in the ſtate of Vermont, March 12, 1787, and are here inſerted verbatim et literatim:

"to my reſpective wife and parents and brothers and ſiſters and uther frind wiſhing theſe loins may foind you all well as they leave me and Bleſſing may follow you all I ſhall give you a ſmall ſeceh of time thear are gone one protiſhon to Canady of a very large number from barK Shier that they will taKe protKiſhon under Canady and the propoſals to ſettle under the King and are moovin from theſe parts he ofers One hundred acKors of land a man fifty to child one Cow a man and yoacK of oxen to too and farmintools and three years proviſhon this may be dependid upon and that they are leaving their farms at Conſticout and flooKing hear - - - -

from Walter Avery."

"now I taKe this opporth nity to write to my frinds in the bay to inform them that the fairs of this world worKs well I diſcorſt with anumber of officers of this ſtate which are under the protecKſhon of Canaday which informs me that they are all ordrid to be aquiet with a good gun and bagonunt and amoniſhon by the firſt of may and further that the preparaſhon of war at the northand is unimaginable for ſome time paſt and further moar that carlton is at congreſs with the articles of peas to be ſined and the agreement to be fulfil'd which is out of thear powar I hear no news at the preſeat but I ſaw anumber tha lef Ct Shays at Caperrill give my regard to my father and mother brother and ſiſters and brothers I expect to be at hum the firſt of June and I expect I ſhall Come to the oald farm without being meleſted by lintons fools if any thing turns up new I wiſh you would ſend a loin at Ceſar hawKſes benington and I can git any time this from your frind and well wiſher and I deſire to be rememrad to all Shays boys Ct hil is weell I am geſt agoing to the laKe I expect to be there to morrow wiſhing you weell

Walter Avery."

NEW YORK, April 12.

IT appears by a return of the army lately made to the Empreſs of Ruſſia, that their number conſiſts of fifty regiments of cavalry, containing 61,819 men, and ninety two regiments of infantry, containing 213,002 men; making in the whole 274,821, excluſive of guards and artillery; and that twenty five regiments of cavalry, and thirty-five of infantry, with five corps of chaſſeurs, are found neceſſary to be kept in conſtant employ to guard the frontiers of Taurid, Cuban, and Caucaſus.

We hear that the French have made the ports of Tobago free, in order to obſtruct the trade of Grenada, and to cruſh it's riſing intercourſe with the Spaniſh Main and Trinidad. The ſame court has alſo made the ports of Martinico free, for the purpoſe of ſupporting the few merchants who have had reſolution to keep their ſtations in that colony.

It is leaked out, from the Hall of the honourable the Continental Congreſs, that on Monday laſt it was reſolved, in that Auguſt body, to diſband all the new-voted additions to the federal legion, except only two companies of artillery, who are to do duty at Springfield, Maſſachuſetts. It is hoped, ſays a correſpondent, that the grumbling of Rhode-Iſland, Virginia, North-Carolina, &c. on the ſubject of the oppreſſive additional expences of a fœderal corps, will now no more be heard, and that they will chooſe their champions by ſingle combat, to decide any and every important diſpute that might originate between theſe ſtates and other nations.

NEW-HAVEN, APRIL 4.

BY a gentleman from Annapolis (Nova Scotia) we have the following advice: That on the 9th of laſt month, Joſhua Chandler, Eſq; his ſon Mr William Chandler, and daughter, Miſs Betley Chandler, with ſeveral others, took paſſage in a veſſel, at Annapolis, bound to St John's; that in the evening following (the weather being hazy, and the wind blowing freſh) the veſſel was caſt on a rocky ſhore, a few miles from their deſtined port, and ſoon beat to pieces; that Mr. William Chandler was drowned in attempting to reach the ſhore, that his father and ſiſter periſhed with fatigue and cold, after wandering ſeveral miles in a deep ſnow, as alſo a Mrs. Grant, the widow of a Britiſh officer Several of the company were froſt bitten, and much fatigued before they got to a houſe. Joſhua Chandler, Eſquire, was formerly, for ſeveral years, a Juſtice of Peace for New-Haven county, and one of the repreſentatives of this town, in the General Aſſembly. He had returned from England but a few weeks, before he met the above hapleſs fate.

PITTSBURG, March 17.

LAST week was apprehended, near this town, a certain Jared Regan, on ſuppoſition of having murdered an Indian ſome time ago. On examination he denied the fact, but the teſtimony of three witneſſes, who ſupported the charge, made it neceſſary to put him in confinement

The Superintendant of Indian affairs, knowing the conſequences an affair of this nature might have on the frontier inhabitants, had the Chiefs of the nation to which the deceaſed belonged, who were in and near town, aſſembled, and informed them of what had happened, and that the priſoner (who then was ſhewn to them) was charged as being the perſon guilty. He urged the neceſſity of their immediate interference to prevent their young men from committing any violences on the innocent, as an act of that kind might prove very diſagreeable to them. They have promiſed to prevent their young people from committing any depredations, and appeared well ſatisfied with what had been done on our part.

Some months muſt elapſe before the priſoner can be brought to trial, when a jury of his country will determine whether he is guilty or not.

PHILADELPHIA, April 18.

Extract from the regulation of his Moſt Chriſtian Majeſty's Packets, as done at Verſailles by order of his moſt gracious Majeſty, on the 14th of December 1786, and ſigned by the Duke de Penthievre, Admiral of France.

PASSENGERS.

FOR each paſſenger entertained at the Captain's table, including the privilege of carrying three trunks, 600 French livres.

For each paſſenger entertained at the table of the Maſter, Surgeon, &c. with privilege of three trunks, 360 livres.

Paſſage and proviſion for a ſervant 200 livres.

All other paſſengers meſſing with the ſhip's company, including the privilege of one trunk, 160 livres.

N. B. Each trunk not to weigh more than 200lb. nor to take up more room than four and an half cubic feet; all above that to pay according to the eſtabliſhed tariff.

FREIGHT.

For every ton weight, or merchandiſe, taking up the ſpace of 22 cubic feet, 80 livres.

Table of the time and place of the departure of the French Packets, and their deſtination.

February 10,	from Havre	to	North-America.
March 1,	Havre,		French Iſlands.
March 25,	Havre,		North-America.
April 7,	Bordeaux,		The Iſlands.
April 15,	Havre,		Iſle of France.
May 1,	Havre,		The Iſlands.
May 10,	Havre,		North-America.
June 1,	Bordeaux,		The Iſlands.
June 25,	Havre,		North-America.
July 1,	Havre,		The Iſlands.
July 15,	Bordeaux,		Iſle of France.
Auguſt 1,	Bordeaux,		The Iſlands.
Auguſt 10,	Havre,		North-America.
September 1,	Havre,		The Iſlands.
September 15,	Havre,		North-America.
October 1,	Bordeaux,		The Iſlands.
October 15,	Havre,		Iſle of France.
November 1,	Havre,		The Iſlands.
November 10,	Havre,		North-America.
December 1,	Bordeaux,		The Iſlands.
December 25,	Havre,		North-America.
January 1,	Havre,		The Iſlands.
January 15,	Bordeaux,		Iſle of France.
February 1,	Bordeaux,		The Iſlands.

His Britannic Majeſty's Packet Prince William Henry, Captain Scouſe, will ſail from New-York for Falmouth on Wedneſday the 2d of May.

RICHMOND, May 3.

Return of DELEGATES ſince our laſt,

Martin M'Ferran and Andrew Lewis, Eſqs; Botetourt. John Clarke and Charles Talbot, Eſqs; Campbell. Joſeph Jones and William Watkins, Eſqs; Dinwiddie. John Lawrence and Francis Boykin, Eſqs; Iſle of Wight. Levin Powell and Joſiah Clapham, Eſqs; Loudon. Richard Johnſon and Edward Garland, Eſqs; Lunenburg. Cuthburt Bullitt and Ludwell Lee, Eſqs; Prince-William. William M'Kee and Andrew Moore, Rockbridge. James Wilkinſon and Edwin Gray, Eſqs; Southampton. William Fitzhugh and Bailey Waſhington, Eſqs; Stafford. Jas. Upſhaw and Meriwether Smith, Eſqs; Eſſex. Samuel Hopkins and Lewis Burwell, Eſqs; Mecklenburg. Daniel Trigg and Joſeph Cloyd, Eſqs; Montgomery. Willis Riddick and Anthony Brown, Eſqs; Nanſemond, John Gordon and Abraham Beachum, Eſqs; Northumberland. Theoderick Bland and Edmund Ruffin, jun. Eſqs; Prince-George. William Ronald and Thomas Kerpin, Eſqs; Powhatan. Anthony New and Samuel Hawes, Eſqs; Caroline James Dabney and William White, Eſqs; Louiſa George Maſon Eſq; and Doctor Steward, Fairfax Thomas Dudley and William Lyne, King and Queen Patrick Henry & Robert Lawſon, Eſqs; Prince-Edward

The Richmond, Leigh, from Virginia, is arrived in the Downs after a ſhort paſſage

On Monday laſt the Honourable Court of Appeals met in this city, but adjourned without proceeding to buſineſs as the Judges of the high Court of Chancery could not attend. This was occaſioned by the appointment of two of the Judges to attend the Convention to be held in Philadelphia, during the preſent month, for the purpoſe of reviſing the Fœderal Conſtitution: The ſame circumſtance muſt alſo prevent the meeting of the High Court of Chancery on the 5th day of the preſent month.

ARRIVALS AT NORFOLK.

Brig Betſey, Giffery, Aux-Cays.
Governeur, Makens, Morlaix.
Neptune, Wallace, St. Bartholemews.
Schooner Kitty Garnee, North-Carolina.
Sloop Nautilus, Drew, Santa Cruz.
Ship Bridget. Woodward. London.
Brig Abby, Braithwaite, Liverpool.
Jane, Watſon, Liverpool.
Schooner Eſſex, Lander, Aux-Cays.
Sloop Nancy, Goodwin, New-York.
Kitty, Crawford, Philadelphia.

From the Gentleman's Magazine, for November 1786.

MR. URBAN,

AS it will ever give me pleaſure to have it in my power to communicate to the public any thing that may be of ſervice to my fellow creatures, let me beg the favour of you to inſert in your next Miſcellany the underneath receipt for the Cancer, which has never been known to fail of a cure. It has been handed about this neighboured, with great ſucceſs, by many gentlemen who have had the happineſs of mankind at heart; and, I flatter myſelf I ſhall not merit their diſeſteem by thus endeavouring to render this valuable diſcovery more extenſively uſeful.

Yours, &c.
JOHN FELTHAM.

A RECEIPT FOR A CANCER, OR ANY TUMOUR.

Take half a pint of the juice of bean-leaves when in bloſſom, of new cream a pint, and of the beſt honey half a pound.

Boil them, in a new unglazed pipkin, very gently, till half is conſumed.

Anoint the part affected twice or thrice a day.

A great Bargain may be had.

Four elegant, high bred, and very well broken

POST-CHAISE HORSES,

Each, ſeven years old ſome time in the next month,

They are at preſent in good condition.

Enquire of the Printer hereof, for further particulars
May 2, 1787.

I have for ſale 808 Acres of

LAND

Lying on the ſouth-ſide of TAPPAHANNOCK river, about three quarters of a mile below Hobbs-Hole, exceeding good Land and well timbered,

One third of the money paid down, and great credit will be given for the ballance on giving bond with good ſecurity. For further terms apply to the ſubſcriber living on the main road leading from Hobbs Hole to Todd's Bridge.

BENJAMIN JONES.

April 26, 1787.

LABURNUM
BY LATH,

OUT OF KITTY FISHER,

As good a Stock as any in England,

HE is a remarkable fine foal-getter, and will cover MARES on Tuckahoe creek in the lower end of Goochland county, at forty-eight ſhillings the ſeaſon, or eighteen ſhillings the leap, good paſteurs, and great care taken, but no inſurance againſt accidents, with a ſmall matter to.

ZACHARY GANDER, Groom.

Notice is hereby given,

That we the ſubſcribers, creditors of the late Houſe of HAYMAN & MOFFATT, by virtue of a deed of aſſignment to us made, bearing date the 24th of March laſt,

DO conſtitute and appoint Mr. ROBERT BEVERLY CHEW, of Fredericksburg, in the county of Spotſylvania, and Mr. ROBERT THOMAS, of Tappahannock, in the county of Eſſex, our true and lawful Attorneys, to ſue for, and recover all ſum or ſums of money, that may appear due on the books now in their poſſeſſion, of ſaid Hayman & Moffatt, either by bond, note, or open account. Requeſting at the ſame time all thoſe indebted, will be as ſpeedy in their payments as poſſible to the aforeſaid gentlemen, thereby preventing any further diſagreeable conſequences

CHARLES YATES.
DAVID BLAIR.
FLITCHERS & SUNDERLAND.
FLITCHERS & GIBSON.
WILLIAM DRUMMOND.
SMITH, YOUNG, & HYDE

Fredericksburg, April 20, 1787.

To be Sold,

Agreeable to the Revenue law, on Monday the 20th of May, 1787, in Buckingham county, the following tracts of

LAND,

Or ſo much thereof as will ſatisfy the taxes for 1783, 1784, and 1785, (only certificate for 1783) viz.

	Acres
John Atterſon	200
Mary Blackburn	180
John Belch	50
John Burton, (Cheſterfield)	250
Lewis Chaudion	135
Joſeph Coleman	200
James Akins, (Cumberland)	200
William Clark (Cumberland)	1150
George Daubins	200
Thomas Doſs's, eſtate	300
John Digge	300
Thomas Epperſon	300
John Fiſher	345
John Floid	75
Griffin Garland	1300
Edward Gibſon, (Amelia)	400
Notley Gordon's eſtate	400
John Harrington	50
Edward Harmon	230
William Snuggs	174
Charles Sampſon	300
Thomas Wright	400
Edward Walton	309
Charles Burton (Powhatan)	200
James Bransford	150
John ———	130
John Moſely	350
Ann Phin	50
John Richard	234
David Roſs, Eſq;	796
Andrew Thompſon	250
Benjamin Thompſon	200
Philip Veſt	460
Samuel Webſter	70
John Wright, jun.	328
Robert Williams	400
Samuel Taylor, (Kentucky)	309

And Col. John Harris's tract of land.

The ſale will begin at the ſaid Harris's Land, on the 20th of May next, and ſhall adjourn from tract to tract until the aforeſaid lands are ſold or as much as will ſatisfy the taxes.

JOHN JOHNS, late high ſheriff.

To be Rented

And immediate Poſſeſſion given:

A new Tavern in Amelia county, ſituated on a very publick road, near Doctor Roach's ſtore, and Chinkapin Church;

It lies high and on a very healthy ſpot, diſtance from Richmond about 45 miles. Any perſon inclinable to purchaſe, or rent, may have with the houſe ſome furniture if they ſhould ſtand in need; alſo a ſervant. For terms apply to the ſubſcriber near the premiſes.

CHRISTOPHER FORD.

Amelia, April 30, 1787.

WANTED

At the FREDERICKSBURG ACCADEMY, a STEWARD & an HOUSE-KEEPER.

THE Truſtees of this Accademy are to meet at Fredericksburg on the 25th of May next, at which time they wiſh to engage for the then enſuing year, a Steward and an Houſekeeper; perſons capable of acting in thoſe characters of approved conduct and well recommended; are requeſted to apply to the Truſtees at that meeting, and be prepared to fix themſelves at the Accademy by the 4th day of June next.

As there is but one houſe that can now be allotted for the uſe of both thoſe domeſtic's, it is the wiſh of the Truſtees to have both in one family; a reputable family capable of conducting the domeſtic buſineſs of the Accademy will be rewarded with wages according to their merit, have an houſe with four rooms allotted them, the uſe of the common garden, and may beſides have the advantage of having their children educated under their own eyes. There are thirteen acres of land belonging to the Accademy, the ſituation is really healthy and elegant, adjoining the lower end of the town, and quite retired.

Notice is hereby given

That this Accademy will be opened on the 6th day of June next for the reception of boarders at the rate of twenty pounds per annum, to be paid quarterly and in advance, the ſcholars to find their own beds and waſhing.

Parents and others who ſend ſcholars to this Accademy are to take notice that no ſcholar will be received without his fees being previouſly paid; which beſides the board; are one guinea a quarter, for latin, or mathematicks only; twenty ſhillings a quarter for Engliſh only; or ſix dollars a quarter if they enter for all.

The Truſtees however diſagreeable to them, are determined to adhere ſtrictly to this rule as they find it will be abſolutely impracticable to keep up a daily table, or pay the Profeſſors, and ſervants unleſs the funds are made as certain as poſſible.

Notice alſo.

That on the ſame 6th day of June the Truſtees meet, and propoſe ſelling puſuant to an act of the laſt ſeſſion of Aſſembly; by way of public auction, for ſpecie on ſix months credit, the materials of a ſtone building lately erected by the public for a powder magazine. Alſo about five acres and one quarter of an acre of lands, part of the above thirteen acres, the part for ſale contains about four acres of flat low land, capable of making meadow of the firſt quality, and about an acre of high land for the purpoſes of houſe and garden. This land has been long cleared, and now is well ſet with white clover and Engliſh graſs and wants no labour but to incloſe and prepare for an artificial crop. There is a fine ſpring within fifteen feet of one line, and a conſtant ſtream within twenty ſeven poles of another; from whence water can be conducted to the meadow land at pleaſure. The bounds will be ſhewn to any one inclining to purchaſe, by any the Truſtees in town, or the Profeſſors of the Accademy.

The land is well worthy of the attention of one who may be capable of filling the place of the Steward as he will have leiſure enough to conduct the buſineſs of the Accademy and manage this valuable ſpot, and a prudent good man may draw conſiderable advantages by ſupplying the Accademy with ſuch articles as they muſt purchaſe.

I am particularly enjoined by the Truſtees, to requeſt thoſe gentlemen who have encouraged this public and beneficial inſtitution, by ſubſcribing to its ſupport, to ſend in their reſpective ſubſcriptions to any of the Truſtees previous to the 6th day of June next, or to that meeting at the lateſt, otherwiſe the Truſtees muſt add greatly to their preſent advances to diſcharge their contracts for the repairs and other expences of the Accademy.

By order of the Truſtees,
JAMES MERCER, Preſident.

Fredericksburg, April 14, 1787.

SAMPSON,

Will ſtand this ſeaſon at Roſewell on the terms lately publiſhed, and the

NEGROES, &c.

Which are advertiſed by M. Page and M. Anderſon,

Will moſt certainly be expoſed to ſale at the time, place, and on the terms they have appointed.

JOHN PAGE.

Roſewell, April 16, 1787.

POETRY.

Written in a Young Lady's POCKET-BOOK.

I.

MY Pencil and my heart unite
My paſſion to reveal;
On this dear leaf I've ſworn to write
What love cannot conceal.

II.

Could I on Peggy's gentle ſoul
Alike imprint my love;—
Or could my verſe her heart controul,
My wiſhes to approve.

III.

With equal paſſion would ſhe deign
My ardent hopes to meet;
Oh! then away with grief and pain.
My joys would be compleat.

ANECDOTE of the Maſked man, who cut off the head of Charles the Firſt.

LORD Stair, who commanded the Engliſh army at the battle of Dettingen, fell under the diſpleaſure of George II. for having given his Royal Maſter a leſſon of prudence and caution. His Lordſhip finding he poſſeſſed few of the requiſites for a courtier, retired into Scotland; but upon his leaving the continent, he received a letter, appointing place and time, upon buſineſs of the laſt moment. He arrived without any attendants, but not totally diveſted of fear, when he entered a garret that announced every ſpecies of miſery. He perceived by the glimmerings of an obſcure lamp, an old man ſtretched out upon a bed, that had ſcarce any veſtige of a human form. "Lord," ſaid he, "I was impatient to ſee you, and I felecitate you on the laurels you have recently won. Be ſeated, and fear nothing from a man who is in the hundred and twenty fifth year of his age." He made the panegyrick of this General, and condemned the injuſtice of his Sovereign. He then aſked Lord Stair if he did not want certain inſtruments which related to his family, his nobility, and his fortune? Yes replied his Lordſhip with emotion, I have loſt certain papers, which deprive me of a great part of my inheritance. Upon this he gave his Lordſhip the key of a caſſette, in which was depoſited the writings in queſtion. "To whom," ſaid he, "am I indebted for this ineſtimable favour?" "O' my dear ſon," replied the old man, "come and embrace your great grandfather." Lord Stair was aſtoniſhed at this renconter, and was ſtill more ſo, when he confeſſed that he was the maſked executioner of Charles I. "An inſatiable thirſt of vengeance ſuggeſted this abominable crime," ſaid he, as I then looked upon this Prince as my moſt cruel enemy and perſecutor. I even ſuſpected him of having ſeduced my daughter. I ſacrificed my allegiance to a thirſt of revenge; and I became the mere creature of Cromwell, who had ſeized upon the reins of Government: And as the laſt affront to Majeſty, the King knew to whom he was indebted for his laſt execution. From that day my ſoul has been a prey to remorſe and every ſpecies of diſtraction. I have been a fugitive, a voluntary outcaſt in Europe and Aſia for above fourſcore years, loſt to my family, the world, and myſelf: It appears to me that Heaven has permitted me to live thus long as a puniſhment for my crime. This caſette is the only remains of my fortune, and my paſt exiſtence; I have heard of your diſgrace, and before I quitted this miſerable exiſtence, I was willing to contribute to your welfare: The only return I aſk is, that you leave me to the habits of penitence, and ſhed a tear to the memory of one who has incured the diſpleaſure of the Almighty." In vain did Lord Stair endeavour to recall his anceſter to a ſenſe of his danger, and to preſs his return to Scotland. At laſt he ſeemed to yield to his earneſt ſolicitations; but on his repeating the viſit the next day, he found he had quitted the ſpot, and notwithſtanding every poſſible enquiry was made, his fate remains a myſtery to this hour.

JAMES CITY, April 10, 1787.

ALL perſons indebted to the eſtate of Mr. JOHN REDWOOD, deceaſed are deſired to make immediate payment to the ſubſcriber, as he is determined to ſettle his adminiſtration on ſaid eſtate as ſpeedy as poſſible; thoſe who have claims againſt the eſtate are alſo requeſted to bring in the ſame, that proviſion may be made to diſcharge them.

W. REDWOOD, Adm'r.

For Sale,

Several likely negro WOMEN & CHILDREN,

Which may be had upon moderate terms for ready money. For terms inquire of the Printer.

Five Pounds Reward.

STRAYED or ſtolen from the commons of Richmond, a bay HORSE about four feet ten inches high, with a blaze face, hanging main and ſwitch tail, with ſome gray hairs in it, branded on the near buttock thus L. C. I. ſhod all round, trots, canters and gallops. Whoever delivers the ſaid horſe to the ſubſcriber, ſhall receive two dollars reward, and on conviction of the thief the above reward.

J. CLARK.

Richmond, April 14, 1787.

THE

MARY,

CAPTAIN BODFIELD,

IS now loading at Bermuda Hundred for London, to the addreſs of Donald & Burton, the friends of that houſe are requeſted to forward their tobacco as ſoon as poſſible, and lodge the notes or orders with Meſſrs Campbell & Wheeler, Peterſburg, or Alexander Donald, here, who will have the tobacco ſhiped off. The Mary, is a fine new Britiſh built ſhip 550 hhds. burthen, has excellent accommodation for paſſengers, and will ſail by the 20th of May. For paſſage only apply to the Captain on board.

The Minerva, Captain Harriſon a Britiſh built veſſel, was to ſail from London, the 20th of February. Thoſe gentlemen who expect goods by this ſhip will pleaſe give orders for ſecuring the duties. The ſhip will enter at Norfolk, and there deliver the goods for James river, and then proceed up York river, where ſhe will load for Donald & Burton.

The ſubſcriber has for ſale,

A HANDSOME POST COACH,

Three new POST CHASES,

AND A SINGLE

HORSE PHÆTON,

With harneſſes compleat,

Lately imported from London. The carriages may be ſeen at Mr. Quarrier's.

JAMES BROWN.

Richmond, April 24, 1787.

Fifteen Dollars Reward.

FOR apprehending FRANK, a mulatto man, about five feet five or ſix inches high, twenty five years of age, a likely ſtout ſtrong made fellow, has remarkable large legs, and when he ſtands up, bends back very much in the knees, has a ſcar near one of his temples, but do not recollect which, had on when he went away, a jacket of drab fearnought, green negro cotton under jacket, ſpotted cotton breeches, ribbed yarn ſtockings, oznabrigs ſhirt, and common ſhoes I have been informed that he has a free paſs, with four or five different perſons names to it, and paſſes as a free man. He formerly belonged to a perſon who calls himſelf a Quaker, and of whom I purchaſed him laſt ſummer, I imagine he will endeavour to get among the negroes that have been emancipated by the Quakers in Nanſemond or Iſle of Wight, where he has been ſeen. I will give the above reward to any perſon who will deliver him to me in Gates county, North Carolina, or ten dollars if confined in any jail ſo that I get him again.

LAWRENCE BAKER.

North Carolina, Gates county, March 10, 1787.

To be Sold,

Purſuant to a decree of the court of James City county, at public AUCTION, On Friday the fourth of May, at 4 o'clock in the afternoon,

The HOUSES & LOTTS,

In the City of Williamſburg, belonging to the eſtate of ARCHIBALD DIDDIP, deceaſed. The ſale will be on the premiſes, where the ſaid Diddip lived.

ROBERT ANDREWS, Sheriff.

APRIL, 14,

The noted running horſe

FLAG OF TRUCE,

THE property of Robert Goode, will ſtand to cover mares this ſpring at my houſe in Cheſterfield county, near Goode's bridge, at a guinea a leap, paid down, or three pounds the ſeaſon (ready money) or a promiſary note payable the firſt of Auguſt next. Good paſturage gratis, but not liable for eſcapes or other accidents.

F. GOODE.

MARCH 30, 1786.

COMMITTED to the jail in the city of Williamſburg, the 6th of April 1787, a negro man who firſt called his name DANIEL, and that he belonged to JAMES WOOD of Prince Edward county, he now ſays he belongs to Thomas Lorton, near Charlotte courthouſe, and his name is Harry; the owner is deſired to come, prove his property, pay charges, and take him away.

JOHN CRUMP, Jailer.

To be Rented,

For one year, or leaſed for a term of YEARS,

A NEW manufacturing mill, ſituate upon Four Mile Creek, in the lower end of Henrico county, conſtructed to admit of eight pair of ſtones, of which three pair of the beſt burr, and one pair of ſhort hell ſtones now running, and appendages thereunto, ſuch as a two ſtory brick bake houſe with two ovens, that draw better than one hundred pounds of bread each, a houſe for the miller, a houſe for the coopers, coopers ſhop, and negro houſes. Alſo a well accuſtomed griſt mill, with two pair of ſtones, and a double ſaw mill; the whole in compleat order. There is adjoining and belonging to the mills, forty two acres of land, of which eight or ten acres are reclaimable ſwamp, well adapted for meadows. The mills are only a mile from James river; the tide water flows to the mill, and admits veſſels of four feet water, to lade and unlade, at the door. It is unneceſſary to ſay more, as no one would probably rent, without firſt viewing the premiſes.

There may be hired,

With the mills, five VALUABLE

NEGROES,

Acquainted with the buſineſs.

For terms apply to THOMAS PLEASANTS, jun. and JOHN PLEASANTS, living near the mills.

Norwich Mills, April 4, 1787.

SNUFF MILLS,

AT

WILLIAMSBURG.

THE proprietors of which have for ſale a large quantity of SCOTCH SNUFF, two years old, and by judges of that article, ſaid to be fully equal to any imported from Europe RAPPEE SNUFF, ſuperior to what can poſſibly croſs the Atlantic. TWIST & SHAGG, for chewing, fine CUT for ſmoaking, to be had at the ſame place. The prices wholeſale are 25 per cent lower then any other ſtate do furniſh thoſe articles. All orders addreſſed as above, due attention will be paid for expedition and care in package.

By the public's devoted ſervants,

HUNT & ADAMS.

Williamſburg, March 9. 1787.

N. B. The above articles are to be had at their ſhop in Richmond, and at Mr. Robt. Greenhow's ſtore on Shockoe hill near the Theatre.

For Sale,

In the county of Middleſex, about three miles from the town of Urbanna upon Rappahannock river,

A Tract of LAND,

Containing about 1000 acres,

A PART LOW GROUNDS, and well timbered, an excellent mill ſeat, and the mill at this time running, though out of repair, it is unneceſſary to be more particular in the deſcription, as it is preſumed any perſon inclinable to purchaſe would chooſe to ſee the land, and may know the terms by applying to the ſubſcriber living in King George county. Poſſeſſion will be given the firſt day of January next.

T. WASHINGTON.

APRIL 5, 1787.

WILL BE SOLD,

At public ſale, at Halifax May Court, on the 17th of that month,

Seven hundred and twenty five

ACRES OF LAND,

Lying upon Staunton river, in the county of Halifax, Being the land ſold by H. Wade, to the late Peter Randolph, Eſquire.

ON WHICH THERE ARE VALUABLE

LOW GROUNDS.

Twelve months credit will be allowed the purchaſer, on giving bond and approved ſecurity to the ſubſcriber, who will make an indiſputable title.

S. BEALL.

Williamſburg, March 9, 1787.